GEO South–Eastern Europe and Eastern Mediterranean Symposium on *Earth Observation Services for Monitoring the Environment and Protecting the General Public* 

Athens, 8-10 June 2009

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### EOEP

eesa

The Changing Earth

#### The ESA Earth Observation Envelope Programme

The EOEP is the backbone for implementing the Living Planet Strategy (ESA SP-1234 [1999] and SP-1303 [2006])



#### Greece: participation in GMES Services Element

- > Forest Monitoring (K-P reporting)
  - Geoapikonisis SA, Qualisys
  - National Observatory of Athens (user)
- Marcoast (oil-spill drift forecasting)
  - Hellenic Centre for Marine Research
  - Ministry of Mercantile Marine (user)



- PROMOTE (Air Quality)
  - Aristotle U. Thessaloniki; National & Kapodestrian U. Athens
  - Region of Central Macedonia (user)
- > Terrafirma (Land motion)
  - Earthquake Planning & Protection Office (user)
  - Institute of Geology & Mineral Exploitation (user)
- > Mariss (Maritime Security)
  - National Observatory of Athens
  - Ministry of Mercantile Marine (user)







### **EO exploitation under Greek task force 1<sup>st</sup> call**

## 8 projects (6 relevant for GSE)

Activity	Greek Partner	Contract
Monitoring & Control of Greek Borders and Coastline	Space Hellas SA	MARISS
Burnt Scar mapping in Greek territory	NOA/ISARS	<b>Risk-EOS</b>
EO for Coastal surveillance and tracing of polluting ships	MARAC Electronics Geoapikonisis SA NOA/ISARS	Marcoast
<b>Risk assessment of structures &amp; plants in areas susceptible to ground deformation</b>	Harokopio University of Athens	Terrafirma
<b>Comparison between NO<sub>2</sub> Columnar measurements from ground and satellite</b>	National & Kapodistrian University of Athens	Promote
EO for monitoring of water use in Greece	Aristotle University of Thessaloniki	GSE-Land
High-res imagery for flood-plain mapping	Technical University of Crete	
Survey of Greek capabilities in EO	IridaLabs	

# GEOINFORMATION SERVICES FOR NATURAL DISASTERS



GREECE- Peloponnese - Forest ...

**RISK-EOS** GEOINFORMATION SERVICES FOR NATURAL DISASTERS



#### **BURNED AREA PER PREFECTURE (IN HECTARES)**

ΝΟΜΟΣ	ΚΩΔΙΚΟΣ ΦΥΛΛΟΥ ΧΑΡΤΗ	ΚΑΜΕΝΗ ΕΚΤΑΣΗ (Ha)
ETOLIA AND AKARNANIA	GR01	2 736.60
ARGOLIDA	GR02	697.01
ARCADIA	GR03.1 - GR03.3	38 135.29
ARTA	GR04	924.23
ATHINA, ANATOLIKI (EASTERN)		
ATTIKI,	GR05.1 - GR05.4	5 124.71
DYTIKI (WESTERN) ATTIKI		
ACHAIA	GR06	9 976.00
VIOTIA	GR07	4 283.86
GREVENA		2.83
DRAMA	GR08	163.45
EVROS		105.67
EVIA	GR09.1- GR09.2	20 852.26
ZAKYNTHOS	GR10	948.10
ILIA	GR11.1- GR11.2	45 340.91
IMATHIA		56.10
THESPROTIA	GR12	2 070.19
THESSALONIKI	GR13	1 856.45
IOANNINA	GR14	476.53
KARDITSA	GR15	217.54
KASTORIA	GR16.1 - GR16.2	1 897.49
KERKYRA		93.21
KEFALLONIA	GR17	2 675.94
KILKIS		128.63
KOZANI	GR18.1 - GR18.2	1 319.74
KORINTHIA	GR19	2 550.50
LACONIA	GR20.1 - GR20.2	17 806.21
LARISA	GR21	2 354.28
LESVOS		7.91
LEFKADA		3.92
MAGNISIA	GR22.1- GR22.2	6 008.50
MESSINIA	GR23	15 213.88
XANTHI		39.49
PIREAS	GR24	1 674.19
PELLA		183.88
PIERIA	(Βλέπε) GR18.2	432.09
PREVEZA	GR25	725.72
RODOPI		26.76
SERRES	GR26	195.50
TRIKALA		67.96
FTHIOTIDA	GR27.1- GR27.2	4 156.68
FLORINA	GR28	2 112.52
FOKIDA		13.66
TOTAL AREA (acres)		193 656.39

#### **RISK-EOS** GEOINFORMATION SERVICES FOR NATURAL DISASTERS





REECE - Pelononnese - Fires - Pirnos area

SAFER & LinkER EC **GR: ISARS/NOA** 



THE

# GEOINFORMATION SERVICES FOR NATURAL DISASTERS

#### **Special Edition**





Data User Programme Urban Heat Island, 10 European cities GR: ISARS/NOA

> Forecast the impact of UHI during heat waves through appropriate alert systems.

Reduce the risk of UHI in the metropolitan areas through appropriate land planning policies.

Study of the <u>energy balance</u> of the cities for a better response to the urban energy efficiency policies.

Study of a <u>dedicated IR satellite sensor</u> with higher spatial resolution and revisiting time for a more adequate provision of Land Surface Temperature (LST) retrievals in the metropolitan areas of European cities.



#### **MARINE Environment monitoring capabilities**

The National Centre for Marine Research maintains the operation of **POSEIDON** system, which is an operational monitoring, forecasting and information system for the Greek Seas.

The **POSEIDON** components are:

- I1 Seawatch Buoys
- 3 Operational forecasting models
- Data every 3 hours
- 72h Forecasts every day



SeaWatch Buoys **Meteorological Sensors** Air Temperature Atm. Pressure Wind Speed/Direction "Blue" Sensors Temperature Salinity Current Waves "Green" Sensors **Dissolved Oxygen** Chlorophyll-A Light Attenuation Radioactivity

Ships of Opportunity data (MFS - Ferry Box projects)



M3A system (MFS project)

SAR data (Marcoast project)

WEATHER monitoring capabilities

<u>The Hellenic National Meteorological Service</u> operates a big network of ground stations, plus 20 automatic, 4 upper atmosphere stations, and two satellite receiving stations (NOAA/AVHRR, METEOSAT) to provide on a continuous basis weather, climate and agro-meteorological data.

The <u>HNMS</u> runs a variety of weather forecasting models based on the ECMWF model providing real time forecasts for the next 120 up to 240 hours

#### **GEODYNAMICS** monitoring

The Geodynamics Institute of the **National Observatory of Athens** operates the national seismographic network comprising of stations, digital broadband, dialup and analogue ones. This network provides a multi-parametric solution having the ability to transmit in real time EARTHQUAKE parameters



#### **AERONET: A Global Robotic Network for Aerosol Research**



321 CIMEL sunphotometers http://aeronet.gsfc.nasa.gov

#### **AERONET** stations in Greece



#### Crete (35N, 25E)



Athens - NOA (37N, 23E)



#### Thessaloniki (40N, 22E)



Ksanthi (41N, 24E)

#### **EARLINET: A European Lidar Network for Aerosol Research**



CNISM-Napoli, IT

Potenza, IT

UNILE-Lecce, IT

Sixth Framework Programme

#### **EARLINET** stations in Greece



Thessaloniki (Aristotle University of Thessaloniki)

Athens (National Technical University of Athens)



MAPPING THE GREEK REQUIREMENTS AND CAPABILITIES IN EARTH OBSERVATION

### **Two studies:**

An EC supported study run for the period (1997-2000) under the auspices of the former Hellenic Space Research and Technology Committee

An ESA supported update study under realisation by IridaLabs

### In what level do you carry out work in EO?





#### EO services in operational User support

- During the major disaster of (August 2007) Greece initiated and profited from the International Charter and Major Disasters program.
- The General Secretariat for Civil Protection acquired VHSR EO data over entire Greece and produced vector based thematic products that are available via its web-site.
- The regional Civil Protection Authorities exploit EO data and space based related thematic products to supporting their disaster management systems (floods and fires) at local level.
- The Ministry of Agricultural development and Food has been exploiting EO data on a routine basis for monitoring agricultural activities and farmer subsidies yearly.
- The Directorate General of Forest and Natural Environment Protection Service of the Ministry Agricultural development and Food, participates in projects ESA/GSE RISK-EOS, and SAFER for monitoring and mapping routinely the changes at country level of Forest ecosystems due to wild fires.
- Min. of Environment profited from the GLOBWETLAND DUE project in the period 2003-06.

#### EO services in operational User support

- The Institute for Space Applications and Remote Sensing of NOA is nominated by LinkER EC as National Focal Point for disseminating GMES Core Services.
- Several institutional organisations including the Ministry of Development, Ministry of Public Works, National Cadastral Organisation, AGROGH SA, OPEKEPE have implemented operationally EO technology to respond to following needs:
  - Implementation of the CORINE (CLC2000) and CLC-Change projects.
  - Implementation of the CAP directives relating to systems as LPIS, Olive and Vineyards Registers, Best Practices for Good Agricultural and Environmental Conditions Practices.
  - The update of topographic and general use maps of 1:50.000.
  - The update of the 1:5000 series ortho-photo maps in the entirety of Greece's territory.

**Observing capabilities** 



#### Regional Real Time Fire Monitoring – NOA SEVIRI Receiving Stations

# **EMERGENCY SITUATION**

### SEVIRI MIR 070823\_1030 UTC

POTENTIAL FIRE CONFIRMED FIRE

## Needs

- Need for certified procedures and standards in order to accept EO data and services in every day operations. The problem is more vital in the field of crisis management. Nowadays the problem is addressed through LinkER and SAFER EC/ESA GMES projects, based on previous experience of RISK-EOS, PREVIEW, RESPOND, BOSS4GMES, TERRAFIRMA.
- Need of public funds to sustain further the EO services development and continuation of validated operational services.
- Need of public support to strengthen the engagement of Greece to European Space Agency and EC GMES related Programs.

# Needs

- Need for establishing an organised network of nominated focal points for the dissemination of EO based products and services all over Greece and exchanging technical knowledge among Greek Public Authorities, Universities and Private entities.
- Need to support the continuous training and enhance awareness of the End Users for exploiting space and space related investments, as many of them have proven to be unique solutions for meeting operational requirements.
- Need of coordination at national level for:
  - Avoiding unnecessary repetitions in man effort and money investment.
  - Organisation of decentralised web data-bases and web based dissemination services.
  - Stimulate the production of high level products.

## **General conclusions**

- The Greek EO community follow closely the European evolutions in the domain, especially during the last 5-7 years.
- Good success stories are reported, but the fragmentation of the EO community is still an issue and the need for coordination of efforts at national level a strong requirement.